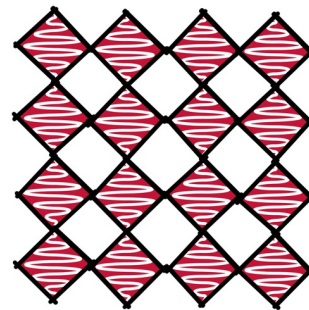


Predicting  $\text{BaZrS}_3$  phase stability: from harmonic lattice dynamics to the neuroevolution-potential framework



**Dr Lucy Whalley**

Assistant Professor in Physics

Northumbria University, United Kingdom



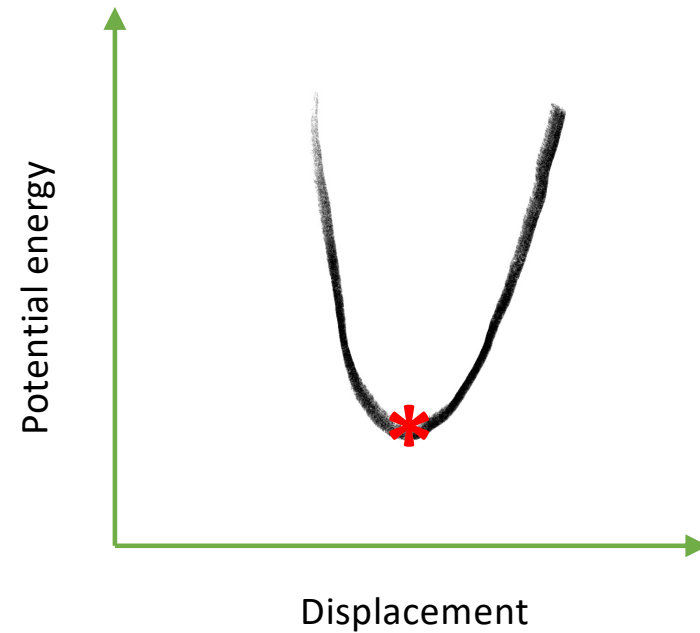
"A crystal is like a class of children arranged for drill, but standing at ease, so that while the class as a whole has regularity both in time and space, each individual child is a little fidgety!"

**Dame Kathleen Lonsdale FRS**

## Small displacements from average position



Well behaved children

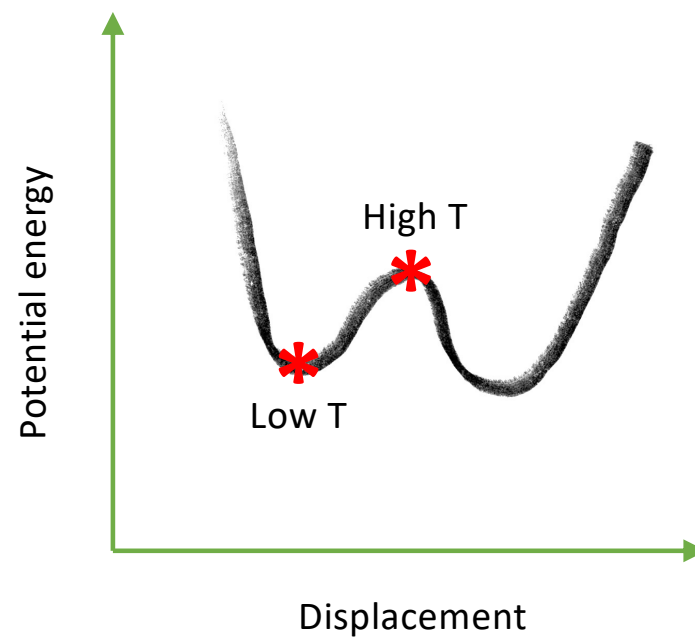


Harmonic approximation

Larger displacements from average position



Naughty children



Anharmonicity

# Taylor expanding the potential energy surface

**Crystal Potential**  
Static model

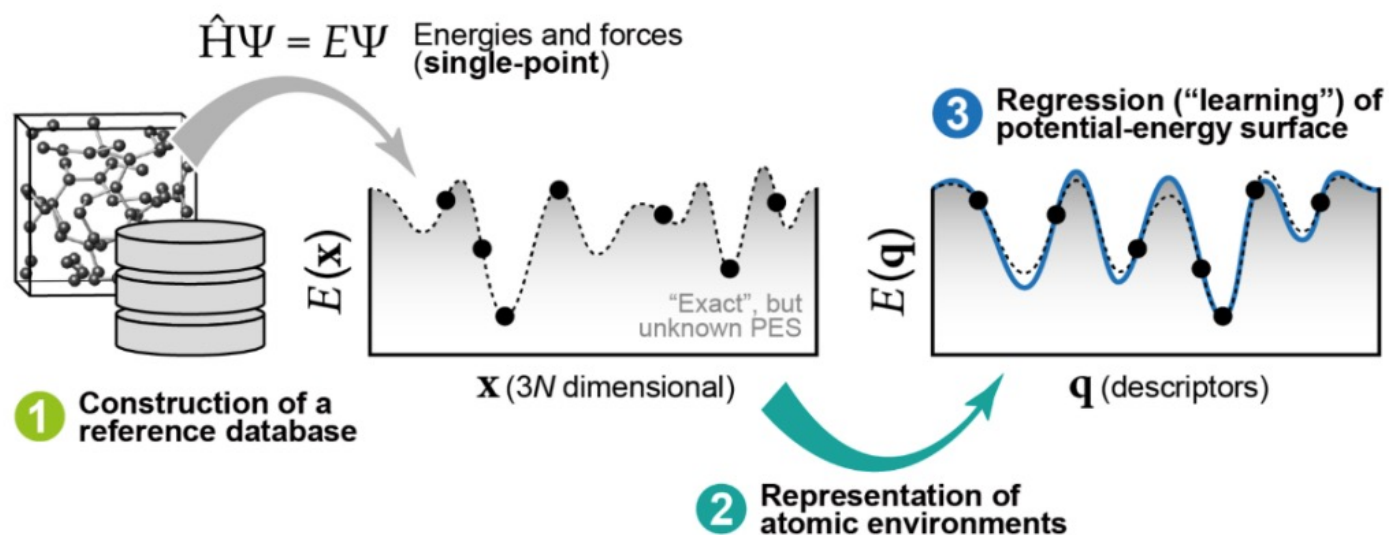
**Harmonic Phonons**  
Non-interacting phonons  
“Infinite lifetimes”

$$H = H_0 + \Phi_i^\alpha u_i^\alpha + \frac{1}{2} \Phi_{ij}^{\alpha\beta} u_i^\alpha u_j^\beta + \frac{1}{6} \Phi_{ijk}^{\alpha\beta\gamma} u_i^\alpha u_j^\beta u_k^\gamma + \dots$$

**Ionic Forces**  
= 0 at equilibrium

**Anharmonicity**  
Phonon scattering  
Required for e.g. thermal conductivity

# Machine-learning the potential energy surface

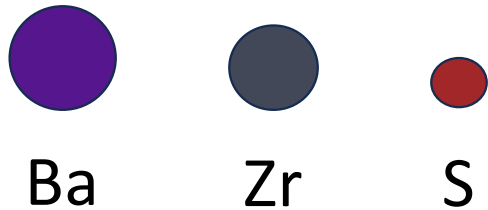
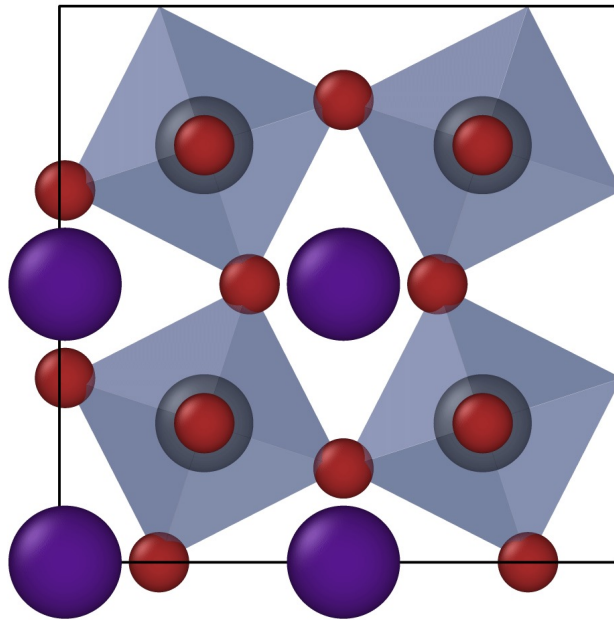


Machine Learning Interatomic Potentials as Emerging Tools for Materials Science  
Volker L. Deringer, Miguel A. Caro, Gábor Csányi  
*Adv. Mater.* 2019, 31, 1902765

# Outline

1. BaZrS<sub>3</sub> motivation
2. Harmonic approximation
  - Lattice dynamics
  - Degradation to multiple phases
3. Anharmonicity
  - Molecular dynamics
  - Phase transitions between perovskite polymorphs

## BaZrS<sub>3</sub> (BZS): a tantalizing material



- Abundant and non-toxic
- Stable in air to 400°C
- Strong light absorption
- 1.8eV band gap → tandem PV
- Tunable  $E_g$  through S/Se or Zr/Hf mixing
- Low thermal conductivity  
(1.84 W/mK @ 300 K)



# BaZrS<sub>3</sub> (BZS): an early stage material

Volume 39, June 2024, 108608

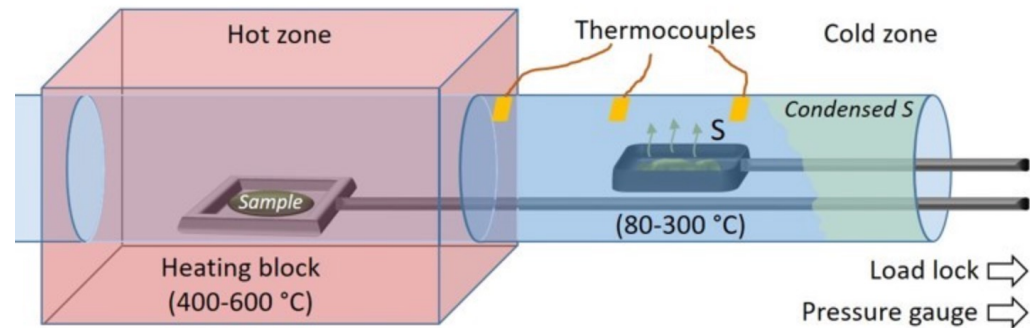
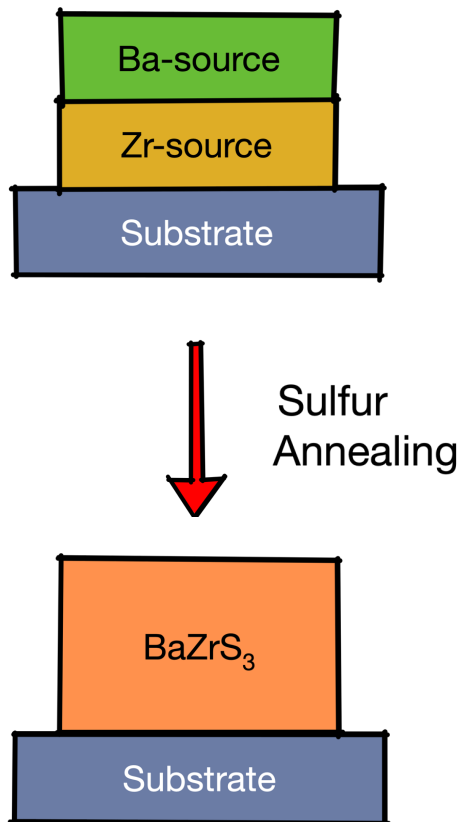
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## Exploring the potential of powder-to-film processing for proof-of-concept BaZrS<sub>3</sub> perovskite solar cells

P. Dallas<sup>a</sup>, K. Gkini<sup>a</sup>, A. Kaltzoglou<sup>c</sup>, L. Givalou<sup>a</sup>, M. Konstantakou<sup>a</sup>, S. Orfanoudakis<sup>a,d</sup>,  
N. Boukos<sup>a</sup>, E. Sakellis<sup>a</sup>, P. Tsipas<sup>a</sup>, A. Kalafatis<sup>a</sup>, A.G. Karydas<sup>b</sup>, A. Lagogiannis<sup>b</sup>,  
P. Falaras<sup>a</sup>, V. Psycharis<sup>a</sup>, T. Stergiopoulos<sup>a</sup>  

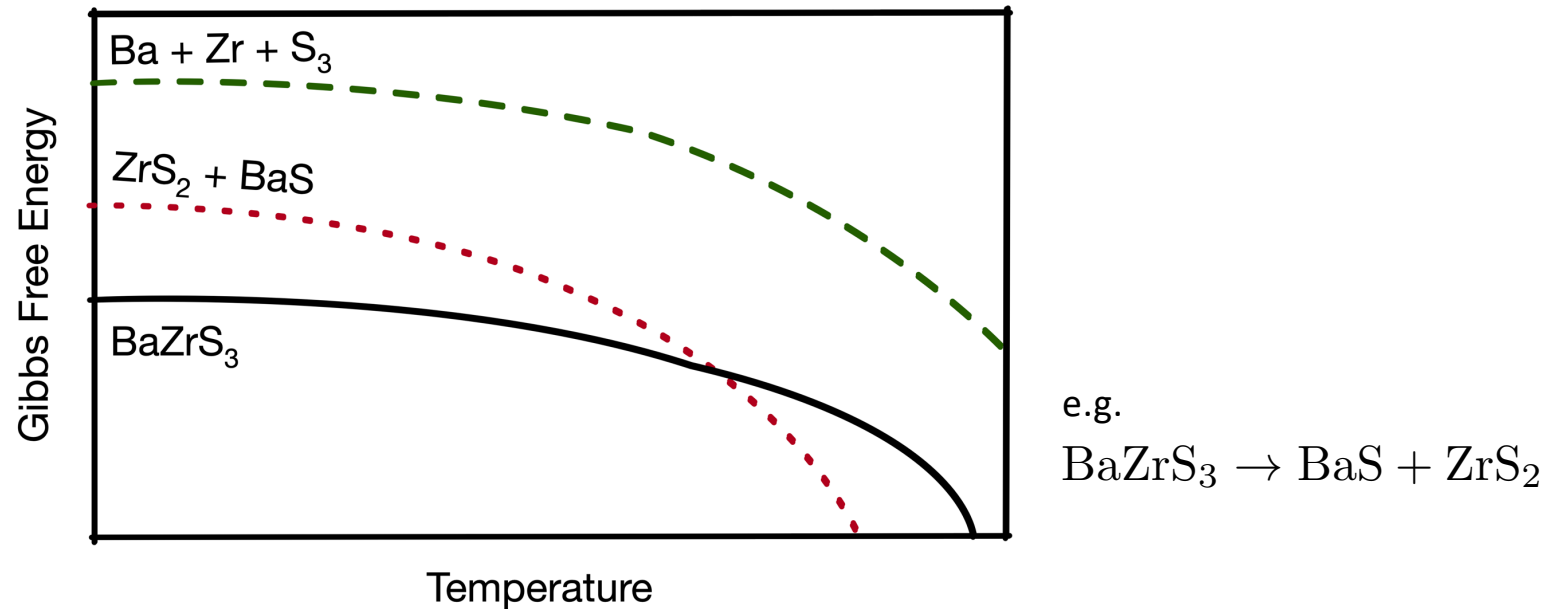
**PCE: 0.11%**

# Challenge: moderate temperature synthesis



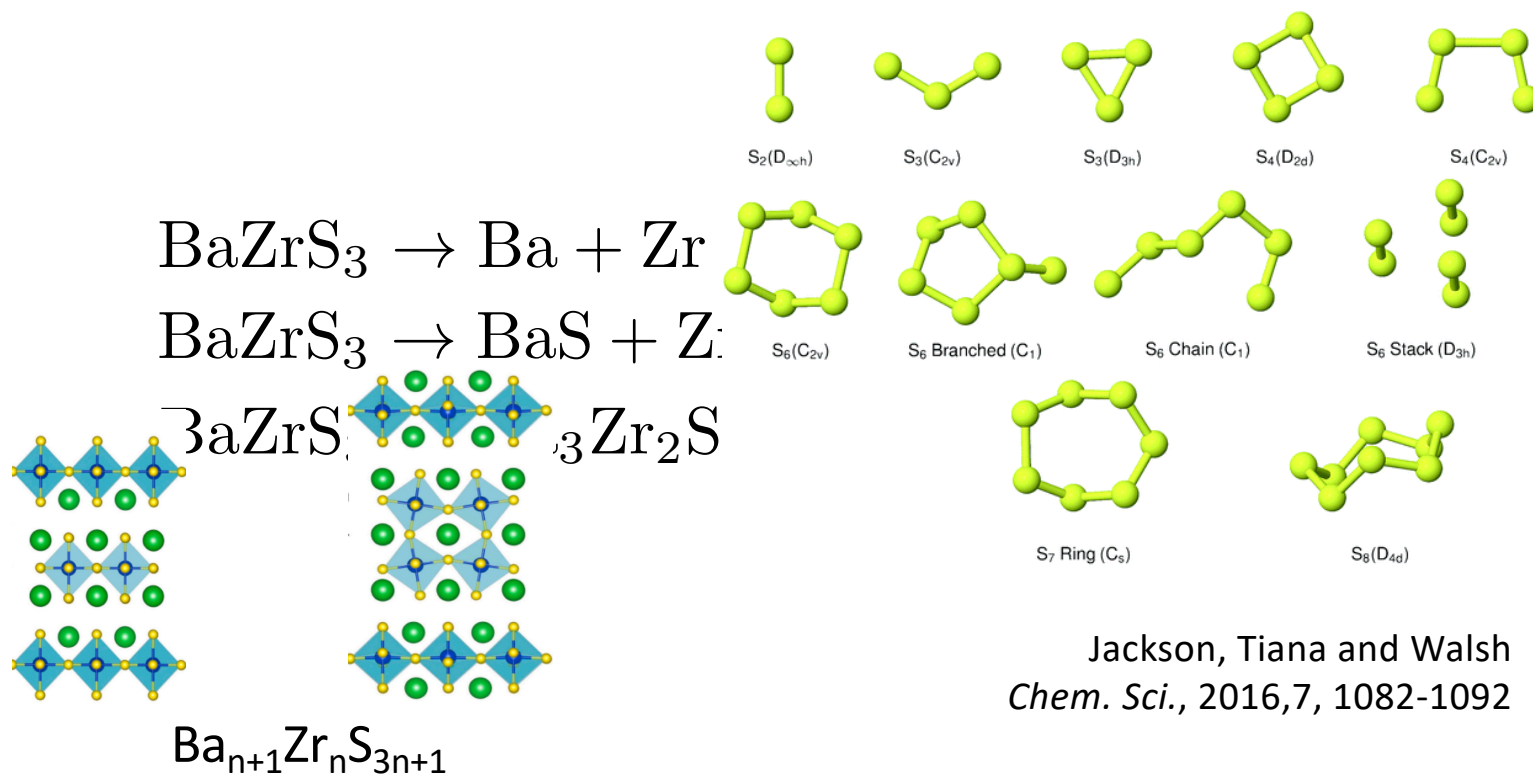
Schematic of custom furnace. From Corrado Comparotto and Jonathan Scragg at Uppsala.

# Free energy predictions: DFT + harmonic lattice dynamics



$$\mu_i(T, P) = \underbrace{E^{\text{DFT}}}_{\text{DFT}} + \underbrace{E^{\text{ZP}}}_{\text{DFT}} + \underbrace{\int_0^T C_p(T) dT}_{\text{DFT}} + \underbrace{PV}_{\text{DFT}} - \underbrace{TS_{\text{vib.}}(T)}_{\text{Harmonic lattice dynamics}}$$

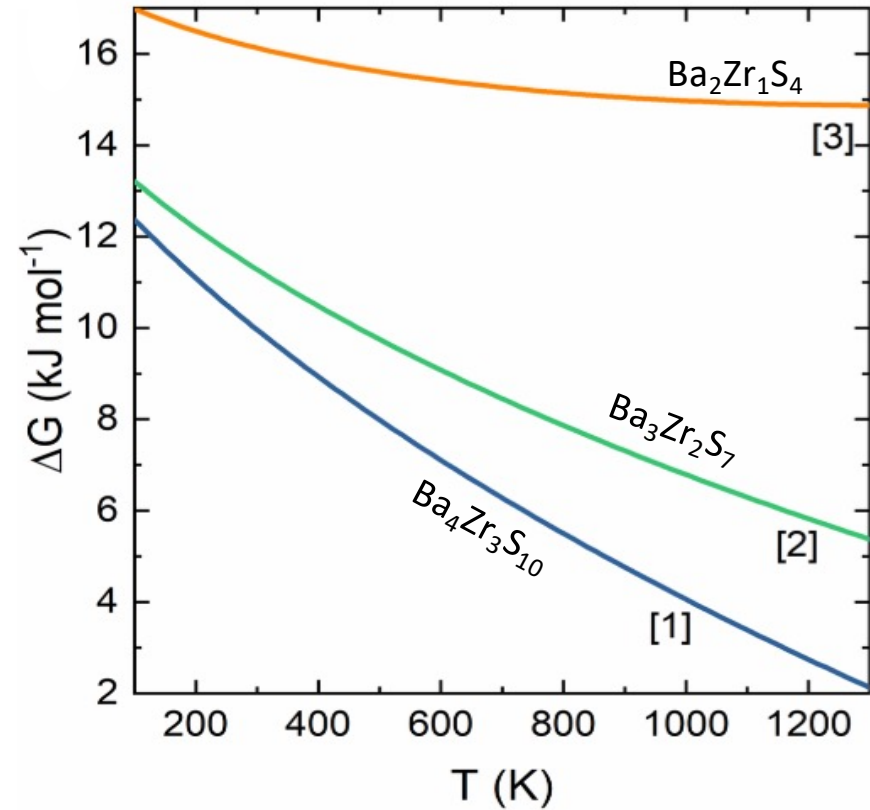
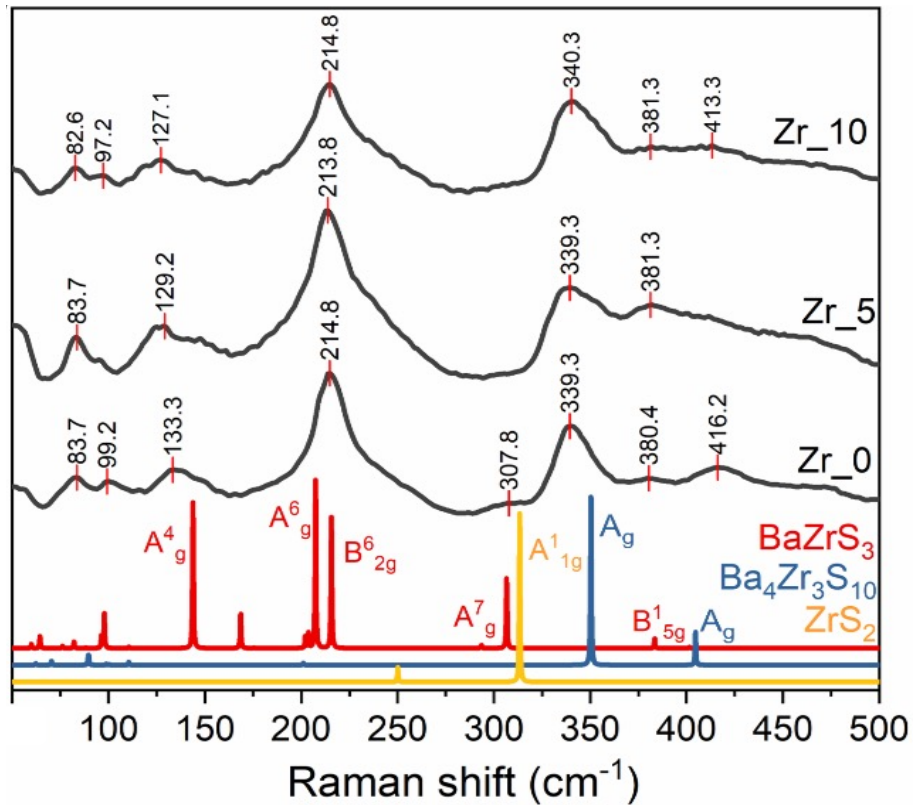
# Free energy predictions: DFT + harmonic lattice dynamics



We need to be comprehensive in our approach: consider all Ba-Zr-S competing phases

# Formation of Ruddlesden Popper phases

P. Kayastha, G. Longo, L. Whalley *et al*  
Solar RRL, 2023, 7, 2201078

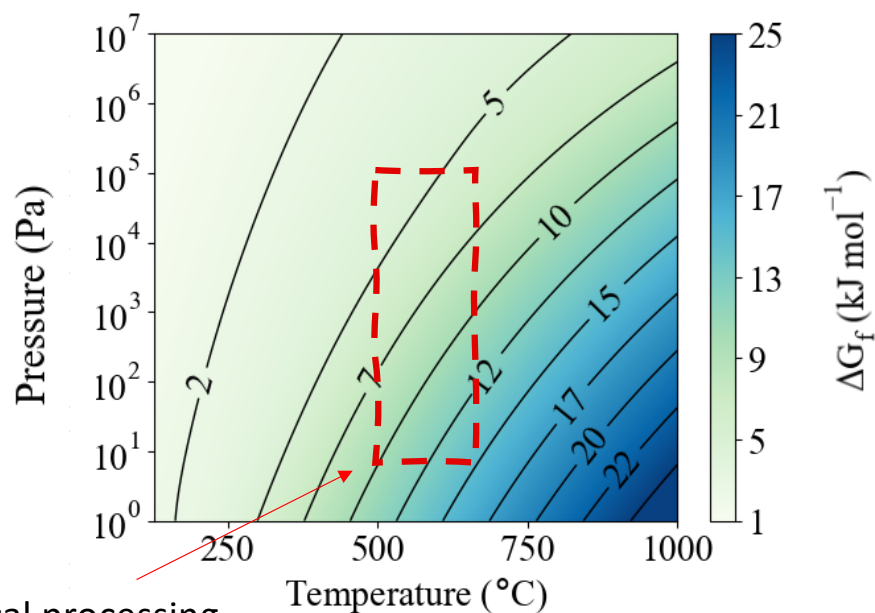
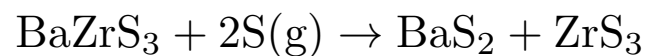


Ruddlesden Popper phases form during high-temperature synthesis

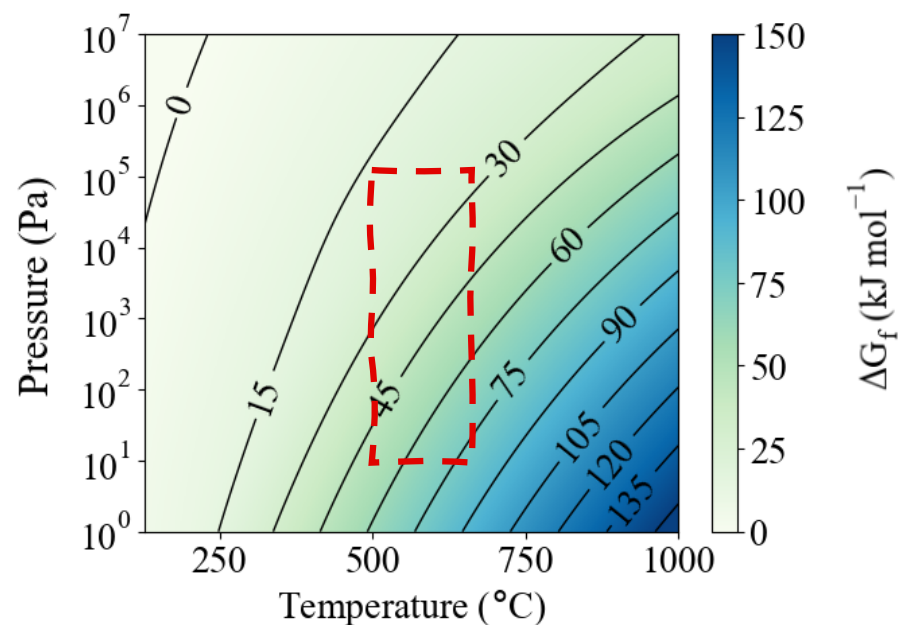
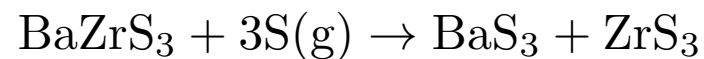
# BaZrS<sub>3</sub> formation from ZrS<sub>3</sub>

Is ZrS<sub>3</sub> kinetically or thermodynamically limiting?

P. Kayastha, G. Longo, L. Whalley  
ACS Applied Energy Materials, **2024**  
10.1021/acsaem.3c03208

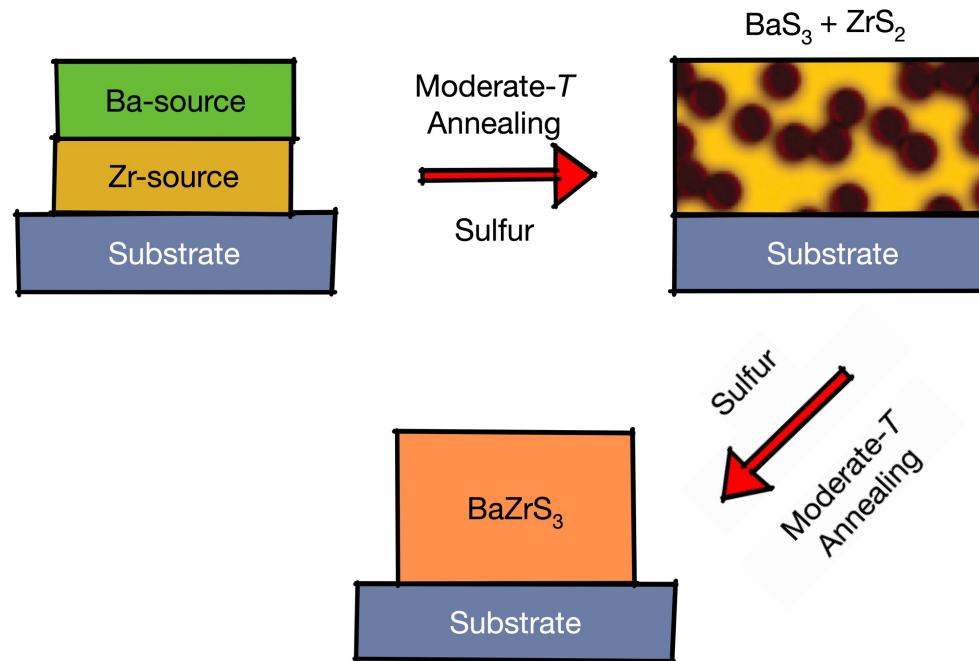


Typical processing conditions



BaZrS<sub>3</sub> is stable relative to ZrS<sub>3</sub>. Any limitations are kinetic.

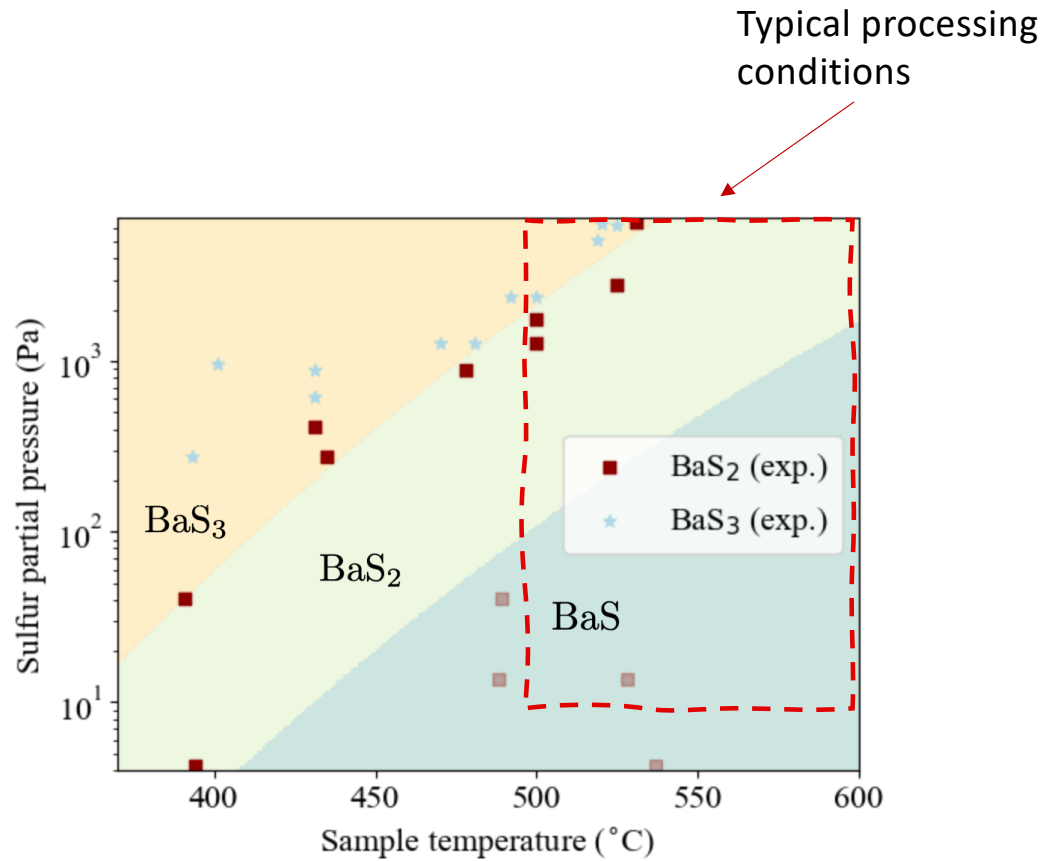
# Phase diagram for Ba-S system



BaS<sub>3</sub> intermediate forms a liquid flux which overcomes kinetic barriers

# Phase diagram for Ba-S system

C. Comparotto, L. Whalley,  
J. Scragg *et al*  
*Paper in prep.*



High sulfur pressures ( $>10^3$  Pa at 500 °C) are required to form BaS<sub>3</sub>.



# Outline

## 1. BaZrS<sub>3</sub> motivation

## 2. Harmonic approximation

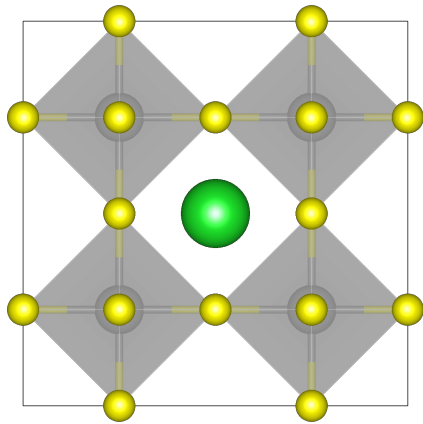
- Lattice dynamics
- Degradation to multiple phases

## 3. Anharmonicity

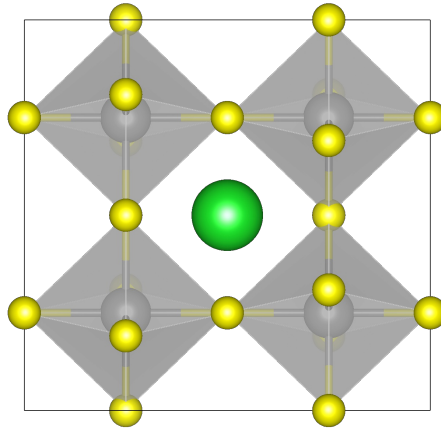
- Molecular dynamics
- Phase transitions between perovskite polymorphs

# Polymorphic phase transitions in perovskites

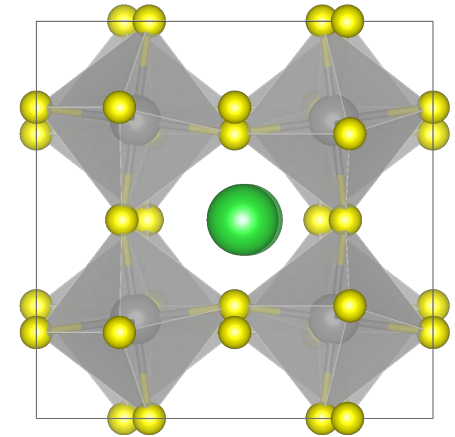
Cubic



Tetragonal



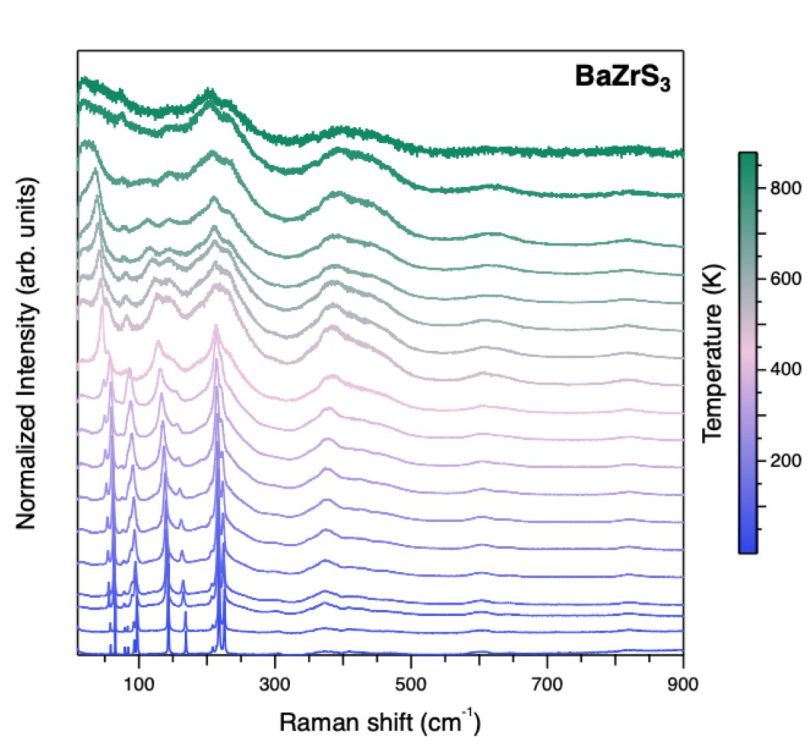
Orthorhombic



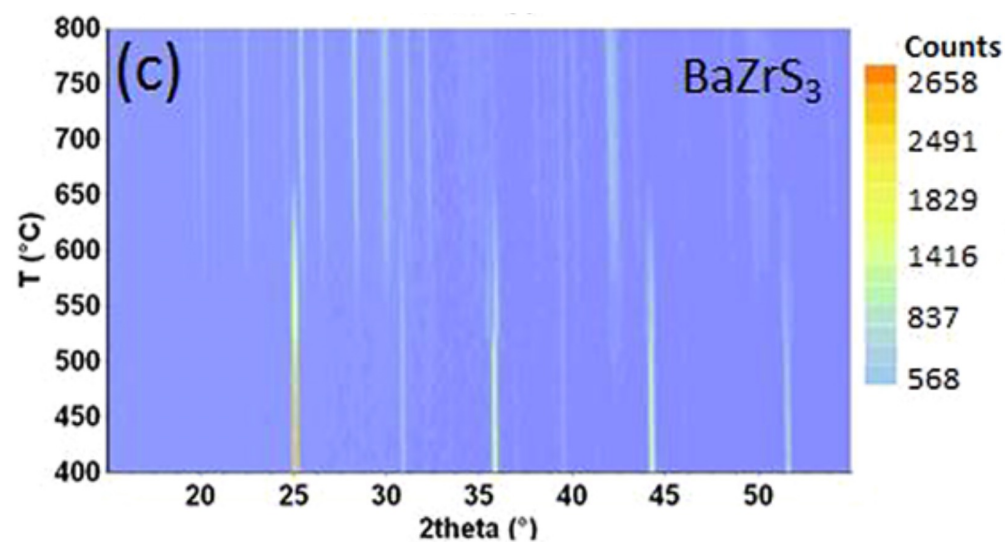
Decreasing temperature  
Decreasing symmetry

# Polymorphic phase transitions in BaZrS<sub>3</sub>

Uncertainty in the experimental literature

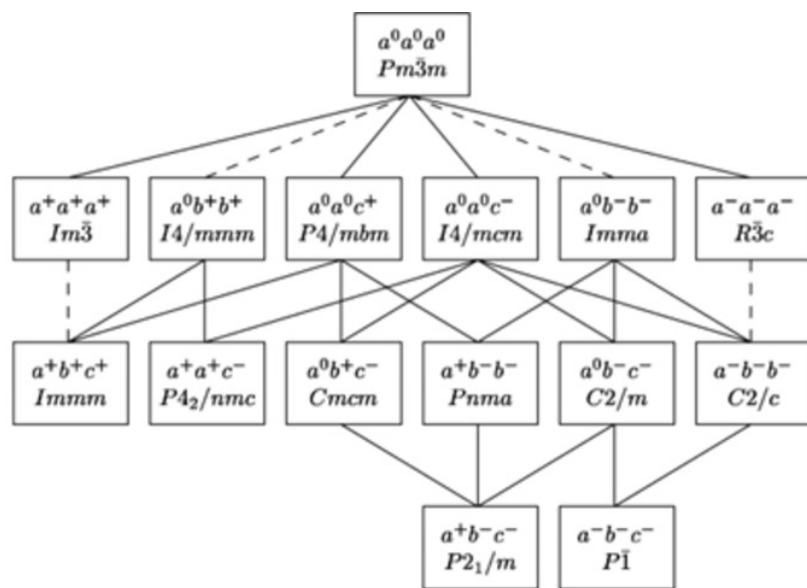


Ye et al, Phys. Rev. Materials (2024) **8**, 085402

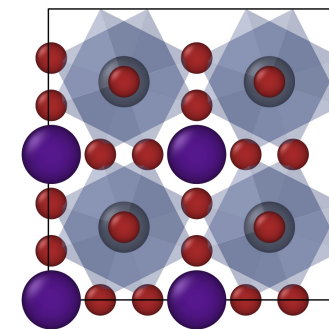
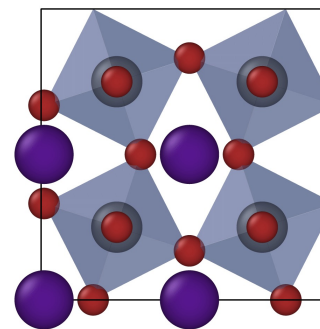
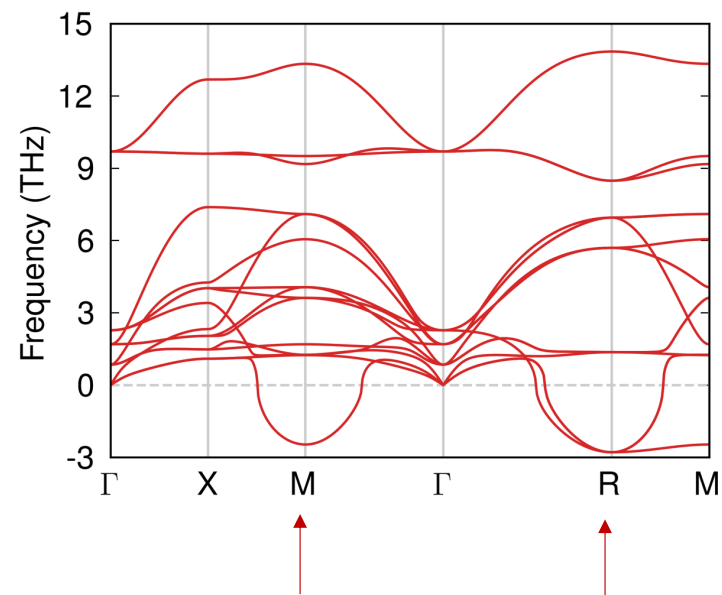


Bystricky et al, Inorg. Chem. (2024) **63** 12826

# Polymorphic phase transitions in perovskites

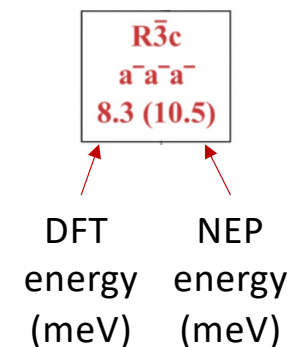
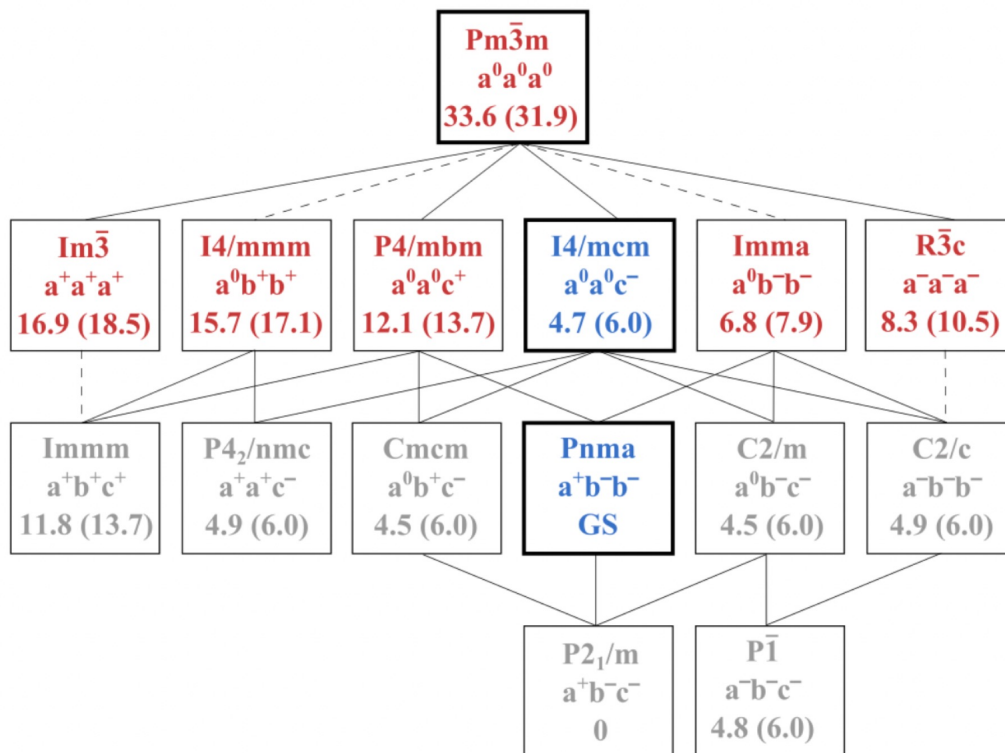


Group-Theoretical Analysis of Octahedral Tilting in Perovskites  
C. J. Howard and H. T. Stokes



# DFT total energies of BaZrS<sub>3</sub> polymorphs

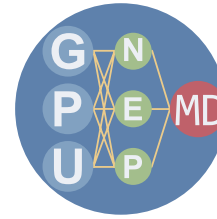
P. Kayastha, E. Fransson, P. Erhart, L. Whalley  
 ArXiv pre-print, 2024  
 10.48550/arXiv.2411.14289



■ Dynamically unstable @ 0K   
 ■ Dynamically stable @ 0K   
 ■ Higher symmetry structure preferred

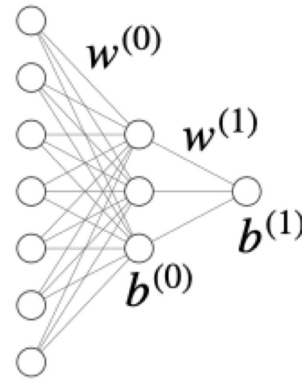
# Neuroevolution Potential (NEP)

Fan *et al* Phys. Rev. B **2021**, 104, 104309

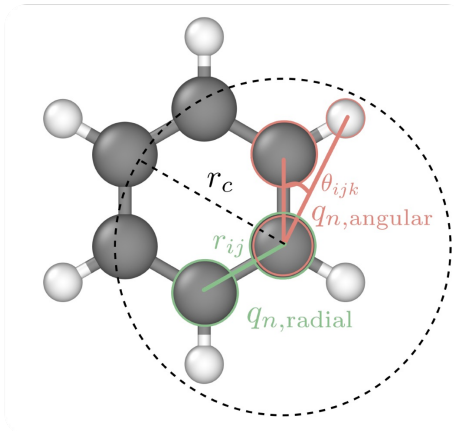


calorine

Input features



Output



$$E_i = \sum_{\mu=1}^{N_{neu}} w_{\mu}^{(1)} \tanh \left( \sum_{\nu=1}^{N_{des}} w_{\mu\nu}^{(0)} q_{\nu}^i - b_{\mu}^{(0)} \right) - b^{(1)}$$

$$F_i = \sum_{i \neq j} \frac{\partial E_i}{\partial r_{ij}} - \frac{\partial E_j}{\partial r_{ji}} \quad \mathbf{W}_i = \sum_{j \neq i} \mathbf{r}_{ij} \otimes \frac{\partial E_j}{\partial \mathbf{r}_{ji}}$$

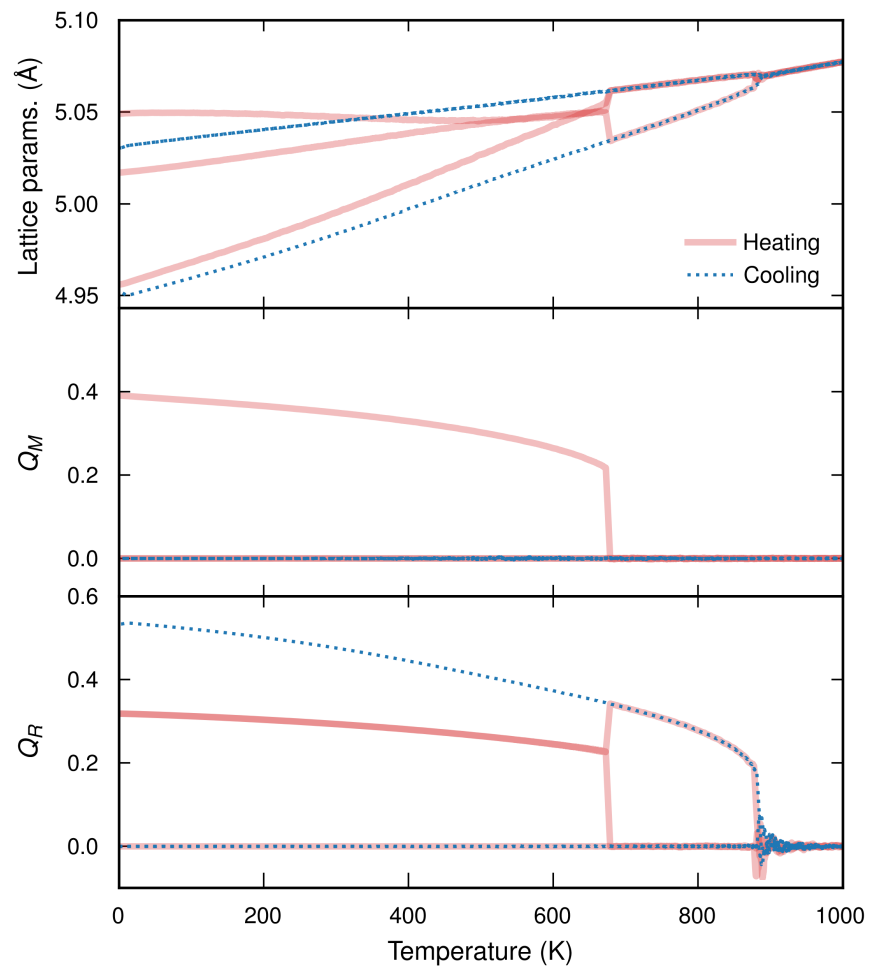
# BaZrS<sub>3</sub> phase transitions

Calculated through NEP-MD

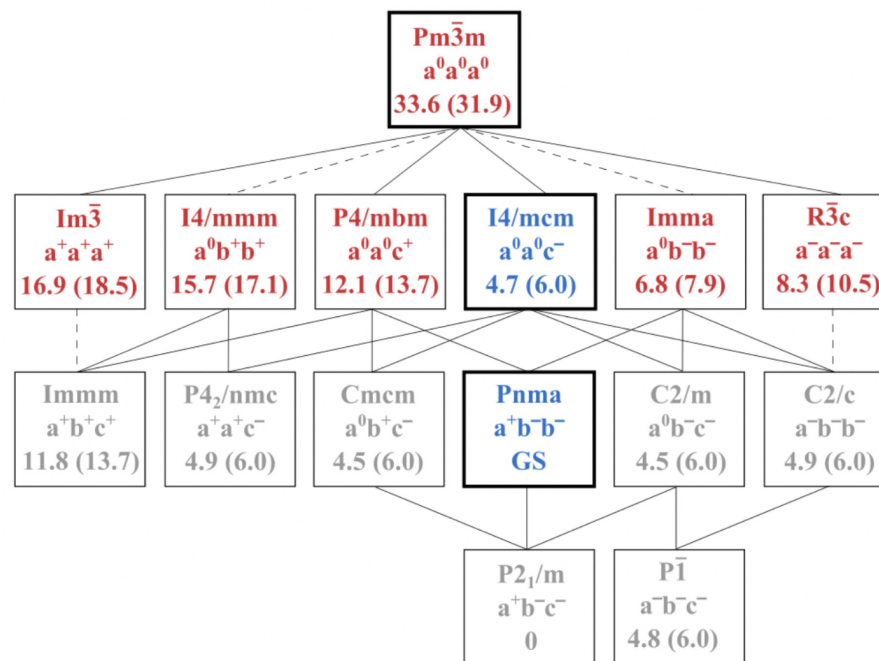
P. Kayastha, E. Fransson, P. Erhart, L. Whalley

ArXiv pre-print, 2024

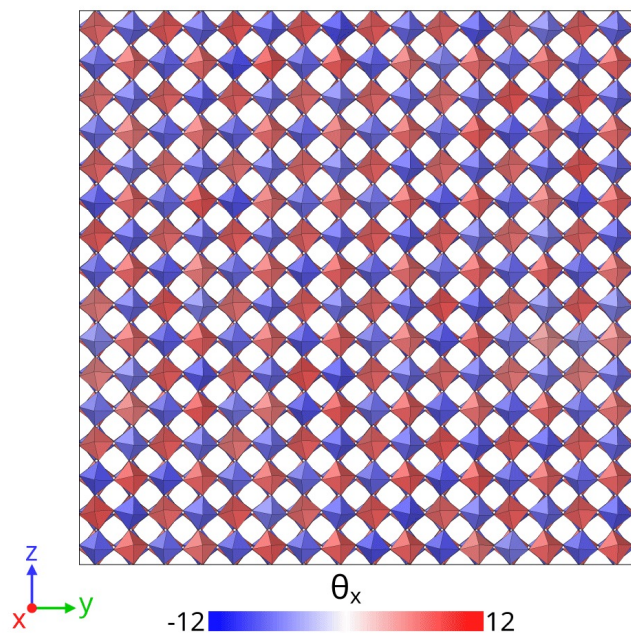
10.48550/arXiv.2411.14289



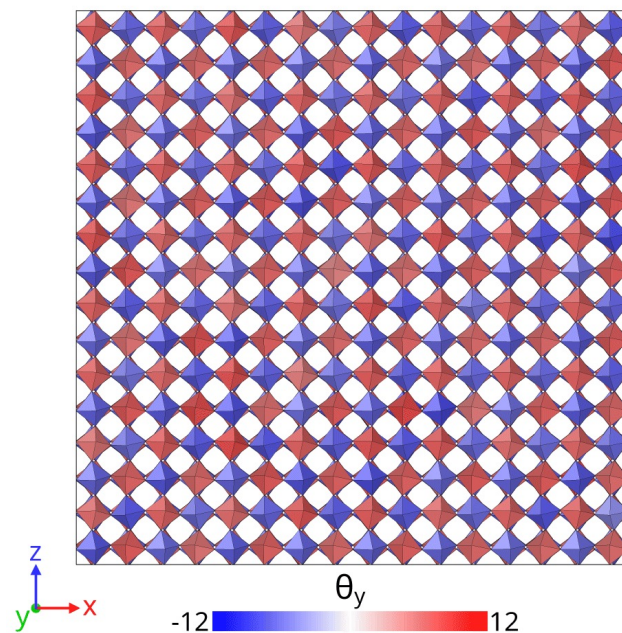
50,000 atoms



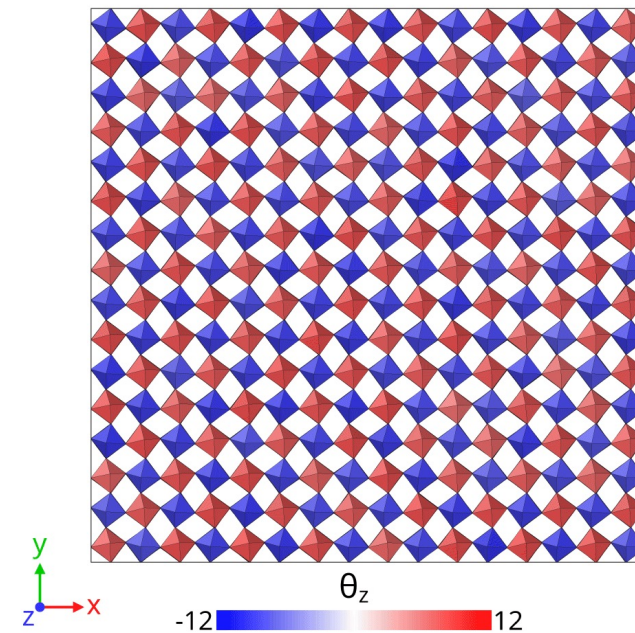
T=300K



T=300K



T=300K





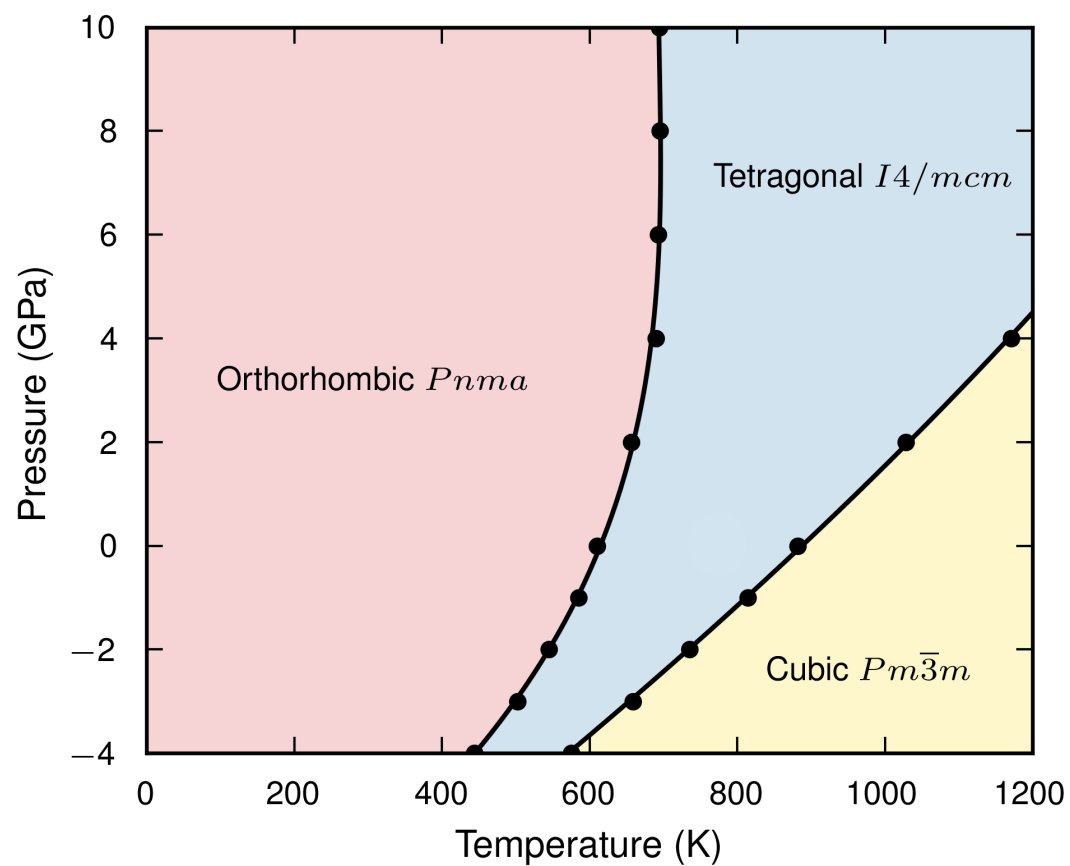
# BaZrS<sub>3</sub> T- P- phase diagram

Calculated through NEP-MD and thermodynamic integration

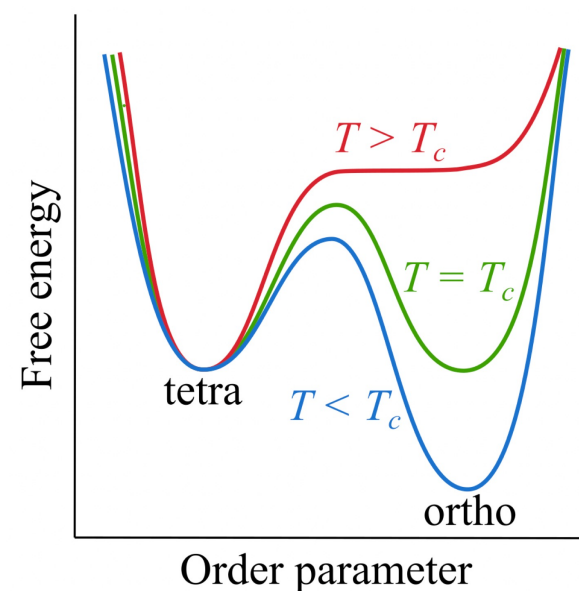
P. Kayastha, E. Fransson, P. Erhart, L. Whalley

ArXiv pre-print, 2024

10.48550/arXiv.2411.14289



Thermodynamic Integration  
required for 1<sup>st</sup> order ortho  $\rightarrow$  tet

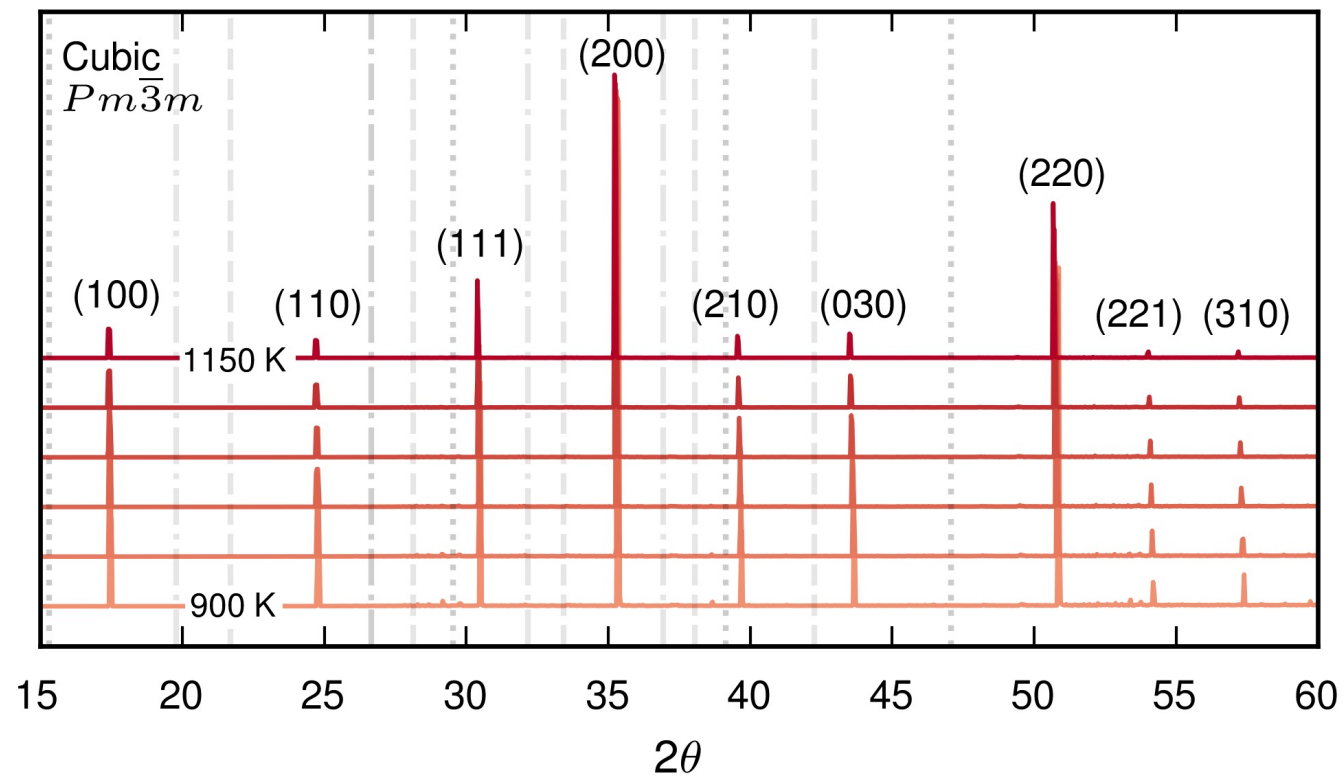


# Comparison against experiment

P. Kayastha, E. Fransson, P. Erhart, L. Whalley

ArXiv pre-print, 2024

10.48550/arXiv.2411.14289

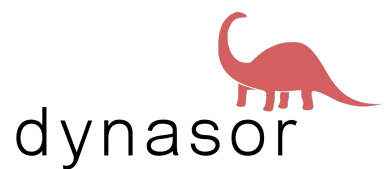
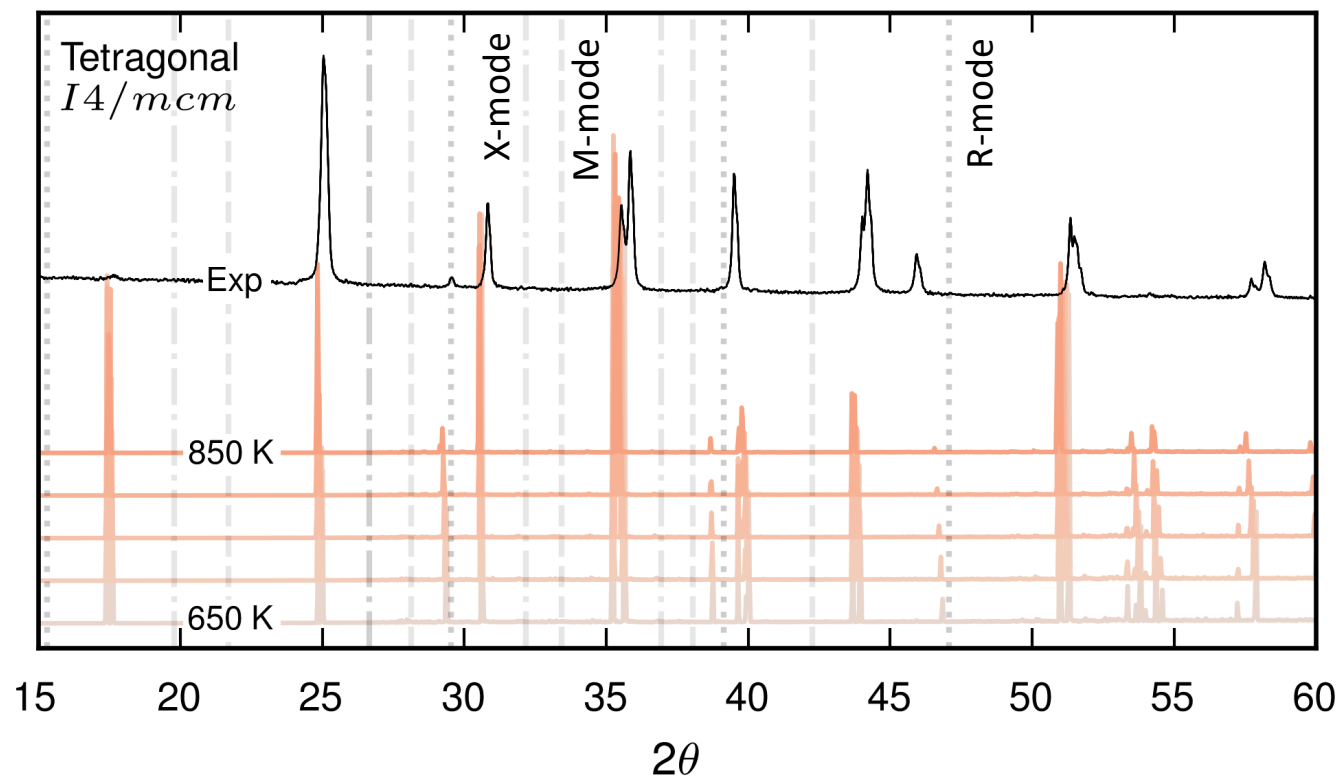


# Comparison against experiment

P. Kayastha, E. Fransson, P. Erhart, L. Whalley

ArXiv pre-print, 2024

10.48550/arXiv.2411.14289



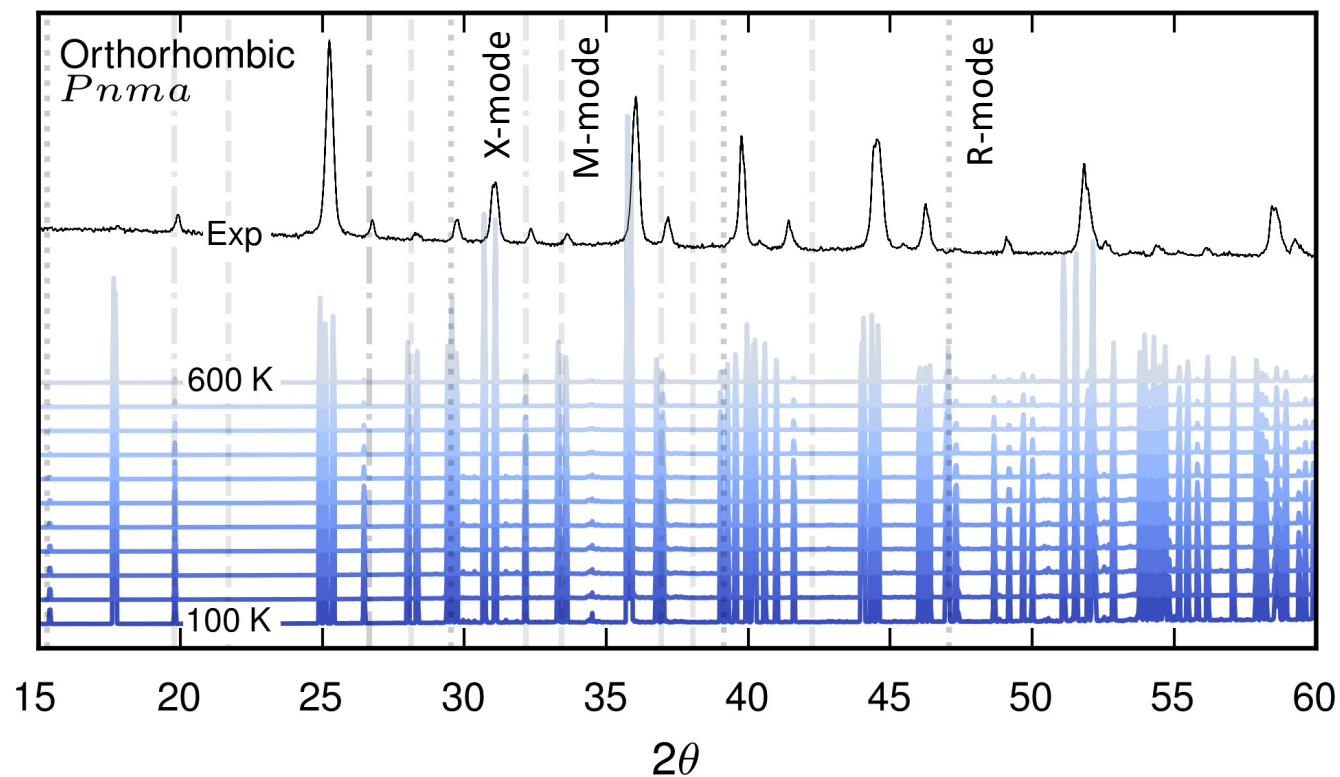
Experimental data from Bystricky et al, Inorg. Chem. (2024) **63** 12826

# Comparison against experiment

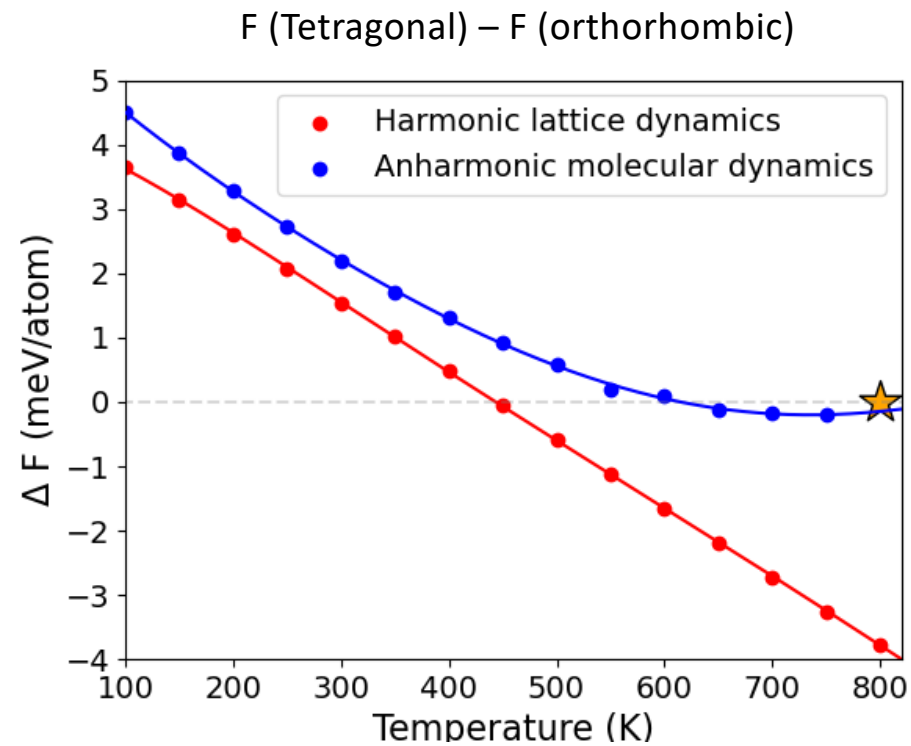
P. Kayastha, E. Fransson, P. Erhart, L. Whalley

ArXiv pre-print, 2024

10.48550/arXiv.2411.14289



# Phase transition temperatures: Harmonic vs Anharmonic vs Experiment



# Outstanding challenges for BaZrS<sub>3</sub> development

- 1) Formation of ZrO<sub>x</sub> phases during synthesis
- 2) Ruddlesden Popper phase formation
- 3) Lack of PL: identifying recombination pathways
- 4) Impact of perovskite polymorphs on thermal transport
- 5) Characterization and control of sulfur vapour

Recommended Reading:

K. V. Sopiha, C. Comparotto, J. A. Márquez, J. J. S. Scragg,

Chalcogenide Perovskites: Tantalizing Prospects, Challenging Materials. *Adv. Optical Mater.* 2022, 10, 2101704. <https://doi.org/10.1002/adom.202101704>

# BaZrS<sub>3</sub> Collaborators



Prakriti Kayastha



Jonathan Scragg



Corrado Comparotto



Erik Fransson



Paul Erhart

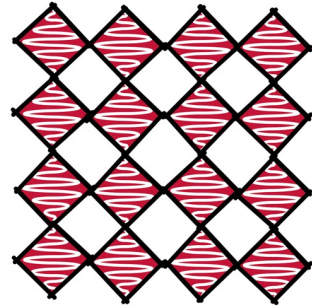


Giulia Longo

# Thank you

Lucy Whalley

[l.whalley@northumbria.ac.uk](mailto:l.whalley@northumbria.ac.uk)



TURING

SCHEME

**ReNU**  Renewable Energy  
Northeast Universities

EPSRC Centre for Doctoral Training in Renewable Energy Northeast Universities

**HEC MCC**

**nu**  **PV**  
research